## 2021 GOLF MARKET SUMMARY \& OUTLOOK

 Dear Golf Industry Friends:Golf Property Analysts invites you to review our 2021 Market Report \& Outlook. This report summarizes observations we've made surveying numerous golf courses and clubs and sales transactions during our consulting, appraisal and brokerage activities.

With golf markets, like in politics, it's all "local", so beware of using broad averages and surveys when making decisions on specific properties in specific markets.

Due to the COVID pandemic, golf had an interesting year in 2020. We hope to use that data to project the market for 2021.

We hope you find the information useful and look forward to being of service to you during the coming year.

Thank you,
Cany Htisah
Laurence A. Hirsh, CRE, MAI, SGA
President


Often, the number of rounds played is the first question asked on how a golf course is performing. It's important to understand how rounds are calculated. To many, a round is defined as 18 -holes. It's been my experience that most courses count rounds based on "starts". In other words, the number of rounds recorded is typically the number of players that teed off. Whether they play 9-holes, 12holes or some number other than 18, it's still counted by most courses as a round.

Our surveys of nearly 700 daily-fee and municipal facilities in 21 states since January 1, 2015 shows an average of 28,161 rounds per year per 18 -holes, and a median of 29,000 . We feel the five-year snapshot is more telling than one year, when the numbers may be overly affected by weather. When both the mean and median are similar, this demonstrates a level of credibility in the data from which general overall market conclusions can be formulated. This survey included facilities as small as 9-holes and as large as 54-holes and demonstrates that the extremes (as shown) can be quite broad. It is important to note that conclusions in specific markets may vary from these broader averages, which cannot be used precisely to develop conclusions for specific properties.

The chart illustrates an analysis of rounds and revenues per round from our surveys.

The charts and graphs illustrate gross revenue metric for daily-fee facilities and the distribution of selected ranges.

## DF GROSS REVENUE DISTRUBUTION



DF ROUNDS per 18 HOLES DISTRIBUTION


DAILY FEE GROSS REVENUE per ROUND



Analyzing activity at private clubs requires a bit of a different approach. Since private clubs depend on membership dues, we've looked at how clubs are doing during the past 5 years and just last year (2019) based on the number of golf members, number of golf members per 18-holes and the number of rounds played annually per membership. One element we normally observe is capacity. The number of rounds generated per membership is typically an excellent indicator of how many memberships a club can handle. Working backward from the number of rounds a course desires, that number can be divided by the activity level at the club (\# of rounds per member) to determine the appropriate number of members.

| 2015-2018 | \# of Golf Members | Golf Members per 18 Holes | Rounds | Roun 18 H |  | Rds per <br> Member |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AVERAGE | 373 | 239 | 22,251 |  | 394 | 60 |
| MEDIAN | 325 | 260 | 17,311 |  | 000 | 55 |
| MINIMUM | 100 | 0 | 5,557 |  | 557 | 18 |
| MAXIMUM | 1,593 | 1417 | 110,000 |  | 230 | 158 |
| 2019 only |  | \# of Golf <br> Members |  | ounds | Rounds per 18 Holes | Rds per Member |
| Average |  | 449 | 399 | 27,622 | 23,020 | 81 |
| Median |  | 356 | 335 | 23,600 | 21,625 | 67 |
| Min. |  | 43 | 43 | 6,700 | 6,667 | -8 |
| Max. |  | 3,000 | ,000 | 70,874 | 47,000 | - 347 |



PR ROUNDS per 18 HOLES DISTRIBUTION


PR ROUNDS per MEMBER DISTRIBUTION


The adjacent graphs illustrate the rounds per 18-holes and rounds per member generated at the private clubs surveyed

Private

| Survey <br> Year | Avg of <br> Golf <br> Members | Median \# <br> of Golf <br> Members | Members <br> per hole | Avg <br> Rounds | Median <br> Rounds | Avg Rds <br> per <br> Member | Median <br> Rds per <br> Member | Avg GR | Median <br> GR | Avg Gross <br> Rev per <br> Member | Median <br> Gross Rev <br> per <br> Member |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2012 | 347 | 349 | 18 | 19,850 | 16,050 | 74 | 61 | $\$ 4,725,415$ | $\$ 4,088,888$ | $\$ 16,491$ | $\$ 13,531$ |
| 2013 | 426 | 322 | 21 | 19,850 | 17,90 | 50 | 52 | $\$ 5,525,613$ | $\$ 5,031,994$ | $\$ 16,563$ | $\$ 15,350$ |
| 2014 | 370 | 300 | 17 | 20,064 | 18,000 | 67 | 55 | $\$ 4,789,147$ | $\$ 4,000,000$ | $\$ 14,695$ | $\$ 11,429$ |
| 2015 | 332 | 285 | 12 | 19,627 | 17,000 | 68 | 58 | $\$ 6,899,453$ | $\$ 6,687,186$ | $\$ 20,967$ | $\$ 22,542$ |
| 2016 | 400 | 323 | 14 | 23,057 | 18,000 | 61 | 53 | $\$ 6,831,962$ | $\$ 5,774,570$ | $\$ 18,727$ | $\$ 18,104$ |
| 2017 | 365 | 325 | 12 | 22,827 | 15,750 | 57 | 54 | $\$ 8,279,973$ | $\$ 7,710,943$ | $\$ 22,541$ | $\$ 21,936$ |
| 2018 | 361 | 318 | 17 | 24,212 | 19,000 | 78 | 56 | $\$ 7,009,523$ | $\$ 5,997,329$ | $\$ 18,948$ | $\$ 15,983$ |
| 2019 | 449 | 356 | 23 | 27,622 | 23,600 | 81 | 67 | $\$ 7,611,257$ | $\$ 5,707,000$ | $\$ 17,398$ | $\$ 15,278$ |
| 2020 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |

## GROSS REVENUE

| \$10,000,000 <br> \$9,000,000 <br> \$8,000,000 <br> \$7,000,000 <br> \$6,000,000 <br> \$5,000,000 <br> \$4,000,000 <br> \$3,000,000 <br> \$2,000,000 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$1,000,000 | valuation e advisory |
|  | $\begin{array}{llllllll} 2012 & 2013 & 2014 & 2015 & 2016 & 2017 & 2018 & 2019 \\ & & & \text { Avg GR } & & & \text { Median GR } \end{array}$ |

GOLF MEMBERSHIP


## GROSS REVENUE per MEMBER



- Avg Gross Rev per Member

Median Gross Rev per Member




## Case Study

- +30\% Rounds Played 2020/2019
- "Unique Users" - +15-20\% 2020/2019
- 9-Hole Rounds - +25-30\% 2020/2019
- Juniors - +50-60\%
- Women - +35-40\%
- F \& B - - $40 \%$


|  | Maintenance <br> Budget | Maint \$ <br> per Round | Maint \$ per Golf <br> Member | Maint \% of <br> Gross <br> Revenue |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AVERAGE | $\$ 1,366,084$ | $\$ 70$ | $\$ 3,798$ | $21 \%$ |
| MEDIAN | $\$ 1,089,500$ | $\$ 62$ | $\$ 3,644$ | $20 \%$ |
| MINIMUM | $\$ 282,770$ | $\$ 12$ | $\$ 1,063$ | $4 \%$ |
| MAXIMUM | $\$ 4,213,975$ | $\$ 208$ | $\$ 8,308$ | $83 \%$ |



PR Maintenance Budget Distribution - 2019

| 2019 only | Maintenance <br> Budget | Maint \$ per <br> Round | Maint \$ per <br> Golf Member | Maint \$ <br> per Hole | Maint. \% <br> of Gross <br> Revenue |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Average | $\mathbf{1 , 2 9 8 , 2 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 8 . 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 5 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 , 4 6 2}$ | $17 \%$ |
| Median | $\mathbf{1 , 1 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 4 4 . 7 6}$ | 2,989 | 55,556 | $19 \%$ |
| Min. | 200,000 | $\$ 5.86$ | 676 | 11,111 | $33 \%$ |
| Max. | $4,300,000$ | $\$ 215.00$ | 14,333 | 238,889 | $18 \%$ |



- 2019 shows LOWER costs than 2015-2018
- Similar (35\%-36\%) percentage of revenue
- FEWER Rounds per course in 2019
- 59\% of courses report HIGHER maintenance costs in 2020 than 2019


# 2020 Change in Golf Course Maintenance from 2019 <br> Answered: 29 skipped: 0 

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| 2015-2018 | Rounds$32,521$ | Rounds per 18 Holes <br> 29,896 | Gross Revenue |  | Gross <br> Revenue per <br> Round | Maintenance Budget | Maintenance <br> Budget per Round | Maintenance \% Gross Revenue |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AVERAGE |  |  |  | 817,910 | \$65.37 | \$551,095 |  | \$22.44 | 35\% |
| MEDIAN | 31,370 | 30,000 |  | 477,682 | \$46.25 | \$472,782 |  | \$15.63 | 28\% |
| MINIMUM | 6,000 | 7,172 |  | 173,760 | \$7.60 | \$57,649 |  | \$3.19 | 7\% |
| MAXIMUM | 95,000 | 59,965 |  | 311,272 | \$322.91 | \$1,800,000 |  | 277.30 | 146\% |
| 2019 | Rounds | Rounds per 18 Holes | Rds per <br> Member | Gross <br> Revenue | Gross Rev/ per Round | Maintenance Budget | Maint \$ per Round | Maint. \% of Gross | Maint \$ per Hole |
| Average | 28,161 | 25,915 | 232 | \$1,405,320 | \$48.37 | \$498,613 | \$15.64 | 35.48\% | \$22,116 |
| Median | 29,000 | 24,923 | 239 | \$1,444,264 | \$37.27 | \$405,000 | \$11.34 | 28.04\% | \$17,434 |
| Minimum | 4,000 | 8,000 | 90 | \$200,000 | \$18.33 | 3 \$12,000 | \$1.50 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 6.00\% | \$1,333 |
| Maximum | 55,000 | 55,000 | 367 | \$3,154,982 | \$117.74 | \$1,860,000 | \$36.10 | 58.95\% | \$55,000 |

Developing operating expense guidelines is more challenging than other metrics. Since many facilities (both private and daily-fee) are not stabilized, and in some cases cash flow negative, and many courses have wide variances in their operations, such as large or small food \& beverage, banquet facilities and different size pro shop operations the data doesn't allow the development of meaningful trends in operating expense ratios.

It is critical in estimating operating expenses to be site and line-item specific. That said, in some cases benchmarking operating expense ratios from those properties that are stabilized can be helpful.
Generally, we observe stabilized, private, not-for-profit clubs stabilizing at near $100 \%$ of gross revenues for operating expenses. For-profit clubs generally stabilize in the mid to upper 80\%'s while daily-fee facilities can stabilize over a wide range of operating expense percentages.
There are several sources for operating expense studies, including the Society of Golf Appraisers, Club Benchmarking and others. We find it best to combine an analysis of a specific property's historical expenses with those clubs considered competitive and stabilized to develop an accurate pro-forma.


We have identified more than 1,500 golf property sales in our database since 2012 and compiled statistics from these sales. Overall, these sales indicated the following:
Further analysis on a year by year basis as shown in the adjacent chart shows both upward and downward movement in the averages, but more than anything else, stability, with GIM's ranging from 1.22 to 1.61 on average for the period with minor fluctuations.

| SALE PRICE |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| YEAR | AVERAGE | MEDIAN | MINIMUM MAXIMUM |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | $\$ 2,999,367$ | $\$ 2,300,000$ | $\$ 68,000$ | $\$ 14,200,000$ |
| 2013 | $\$ 3,595,955$ | $\$ 2,329,000$ | $\$ 354,834$ | $\$ 21,500,000$ |
| 2014 | $\$ 4,398,503$ | $\$ 2,515,514$ | $\$ 154,195$ | $\$ 23,000,000$ |
| 2015 | $\$ 3,688,528$ | $\$ 2,310,000$ | $\$ 160,000$ | $\$ 21,000,000$ |
| 2016 | $\$ 3,328,012$ | $\$ 2,560,000$ | $\$ 500,000$ | $\$ 10,500,000$ |
| 2017 | $\$ 3,499,195$ | $\$ 2,312,500$ | $\$ 134,000$ | $\$ 24,000,000$ |
| 2018 | $\$ 4,688,632$ | $\$ 2,832,000$ | $\$ 985,000$ | $\$ 20,000,000$ |
| 2019 | $\$ 3,900,961$ | $\$ 3,100,000$ | $\$ 400,000$ | $\$ 8,308,653$ |
| 2020 | $\$ 3,824,136$ | $\$ 2,030,875$ | $\$ 364,268$ | $\$ 29,800,000$ |


| GIM |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| YEAR | AVERAGE | MEDIAN | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | 1.27 | 1.16 | 0.06 | 3.13 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ | 1.45 | 1.21 | 0.01 | 3.71 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ | 1.53 | 1.28 | 0.42 | 6.41 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | 1.53 | 1.21 | 0.43 | 12.67 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | 1.41 | 1.13 | 0.60 | 5.11 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | 1.61 | 1.12 | 0.60 | 7.41 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | 1.56 | 1.43 | 0.70 | 3.00 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | 1.36 | 1.45 | 0.89 | 1.66 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | 1.22 | 0.96 | 0.67 | 2.74 |

## SALE PRICE



## GIM




A distribution of Gross Income Multipliers from the period of 2012-2019 is shown below to illustrate the frequency of various levels of GIM's from the sales analyzed and is compared to our annual tracking of Gross Income Multipliers from the Society of Golf Appraisers survey. As shown, 27\% of all GIM's fall between 1.25 and 1.75, and 25\% between 1.0 and 1.24 , which is consistent with the trend of GIM's from the SGA hovering around the 1.5 mark on average. The largest segment is those with GIM's less than 1.0, which comprise $28 \%$ of the transactions studied. 20\% of transaction had GIM's of greater than 1.75.

Gross Income Multipliers


GIM DISTRIBUTION


## SALES




Cap Rates


Discount Rates


The SGA has tracked available debt financing for golf projects and as shown in the adjacent graphs average loan to value (LTV) ratios have hovered in the $60-70 \%$ range for the past 10 years. While interest rates have ranged generally from $4 \%$ to $10 \%$, averaging between $7 \%$ and $9 \%$. The reason for this wide range is that many loans are based on the borrower's strength rather than the collateral value. It is not unusual for a strong borrower with a banking relationship to acquire financing more consistent with traditional investment property rates.

Golf property debt financing is still considered difficult but for cash flowing properties is available through a variety of sources, including commercial banks, secondary specialty lenders and private sources.


## Loan/Value Ratios



Mtg. Interest Rates


## Selected Assignments

Army Navy Country Club (VA)
Bandon Dunes Golf Resort (OR)

- Bedford Springs Golf Resort (PA) - Blackwolf Run GC (WI)
- Boston GC (MA)
- Caves Valley GC (MD) - CC of York (PA)
- Crosby Club (CA)
- Dallas National GC (TX)
- Daufuskie Island Club (SC)
- DuPont CC (DE)
- Metedeconk National GC (NJ)
- Mid Pines/Pine Needles (NC
- Mountain Ridge CC (NJ)
. Mountain Ridge CC ( $\square \cap$
- Oakhurst Links (WV)
- The Legends Club (SC)
- The Silverleaf Club (AZ)
- The Virginian Club (VA)
- The Woodlands (MI)
- TPC Wakefield Plantation (NC)

- TPC Michigan (MI) TPC Piper Glen (NC) Treyburn CC (NC)
- Trump National GC Bedminster (NJ)
- Trump National GC Westchester (NY) - Turnberry Isle Yacht Club (FL)
- Vellano CC (CA)
- Victoria National GC (IN)
- Washington National GC (WA)
- Washington G \& CC (VA)
- Westchester CC (NY)
- Whistling Straits GC (WI)
- Williamsburg National GC (VA)
- Windemere CC (FL)
- Winged Foot GC (NY)
- Woodmoor Pines G \& CC (CO)


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Golf Property Analysts brings a unique and focused perspective to the golf and private club industries. Specializing in economic strategies, advisory, consulting, appraisal, value maximization and brokerage for golf and club properties, we are uniquely qualified to assist clubs with:

- Real Estate Tax Assessment Management
- Market Analysis and Market Positioning
- Operational Review
- Economic Analysis of Renovations
- Facilities Analysis
- Debt Financing Analysis
- Valuation
- Property Acquisition and Disposition

From more than 3,000 assignments in 45 states and beyond, we've "seen it all" and have the data, knowledge and experience to assist our clients' decision-making.

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